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RICHMOND, VA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 12, 1915. —TEN PAGES.

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SCATHING REPLY TO ACCUSATIONS FILED BY JUDGE

Chichester Issues Sweeping Denial of Charges Made by Delegate Powell.

VOLUMINOUS DOCUMENT IN HANDS OF COMMITTEE

Pending Its Examination, Calling of Witnesses Is Deferred Until To-Day.

ANOTHER LIST IS SUBMITTED

After Much Argument, Both Old and New Roster of Names Are Retained.

(By a Staff Correspondent.) FREDERICKSBURG, VA., August 11.

Powell, of Spotsylvania County, in the latter's supplemental duct is being investigated by a special committee of the House of Delegates. by Judge Chichester to the charges of nepotism and other allegations.

The answer was filed with the comto-day by St. George R. Fitzhugh and Judge Alvin T. Embrey, counsel for Judge Chichester. Because Delegate Powell and his associate in the prosecution of the charges, former Senator J. C. Noel, were unable to complete their examination of th volwere unwilling to proceed before informing themselves as to its contents, the calling of witnesses was deferred the hearing of evidence will begin at the morning session to-morrow.

JUDGE DENIES CHARGE THAT

HE IS "RING" MAN Delegate Powell is sharply scored by ludge Chichester in the answer to the charges of July 10. He says:

"Mr. Powell desires to prove my general reputation as a 'ring man' and that I consider partisan politics in making my appointments, and that I only consult those belonging to my faction. I am not responsible for what Mr. Powell or any of his ilk think of me, because very often the performance duty brings with it censure of those

assessor," he adds, "but he had been be re-exported in any form. Mason. He is a third cousin."

He denounced the specifications reover as "false in their allegations and inferences."

TELLS WHY HE REFUSED TO APPOINT POWELL

Explaining why he refused to appoint Powell Commonwealth's attorney, Judge Chichester says:

any public position, post or trust, that was temperamentally unfitted for this office, that he is suspicious of every one with whom he comes in contact, that he seems to have at all times a contempt for courts and judges, and

Judge Chichester employs equally strong language at many other points

tion to restore to the record of the Powell had previously withdrawn the original list, substitut-

ing for it another list.

to strike off some names and insert except in cases where treaty provisions others. We have compared the two would be violated, when the effective lists. We find none of the old names, date is postponed until abrogation of but 172 new names added. We find the treaties. drawn into the investigation by Powell Notice of through this new list such star actors volved already has been given, and most as Governor Stuart, former Governor Mann, Judge D. C. Richardson and gated July 1, 1916. Judge Holliday, of Richmond." characterized the proceedings that have been planned as "Powell's vaudeville

"That is what the inquiry will resolve itself into if the committee lets Powell have his way," Mr. Fitzhugh

NEW WITNESS LIST DEFENDED BY POWELL

Mr. Powell defended his new witness He said he had no objection to retaining the original list as a matter of record, whatever the purpose of the defense might be.

"But this investigation is a matter of tragic importance to both Judge Chichester and myself," he added. "It

(Continued on Second Page.) TAKE THE POPULAR C. & O.
Sunday outings to Old Point, Buckros.
Decan View, Norfolk; \$1.50 round trip; three
grains, \$:30 A. M., 9 A. M. and 12 M.

Honors Split Even in Naval Encounter

British Patrol Boat Sunk, But Destroyer Is Blown Up to Evade Capture.

LONDON, August 11.-The British armed patrol boat Ramsey has been steamer Meteor, it was officially announced to-night. The Meteor, as she was being chased by British vessels, was blown up by her commander, the statement adds.

The announcement said: "H. M. S. Ramsey, Lieutenant S. Raby, R. N. R. a small armed patrol vessel, was sunk by the German armed fleet auxiliary steamer Meteor on the 8th of August in the North Sea. Four officers and thirty-nine men were saved.

"The Meteor subsequently sighted a squadron of British cruisers, and her commanding officer, realizing that escape was impossible, ordered the crew to abandon the ship, and then blew

"The Meteor formerly was owned by the Hamburg-American Steamship She was built in 1904, and was of 3,613 gross tons, and 328 feet The Ramsey was a merchant vessel, which went in commission the British navy in November, 1914."

The admiralty later announced that list, amplifying his original charges and that two were lost in the sinking against the jurist, whose official con- of the torpedo-boat destroyer Lynx by of the torpedo-boat destroyer Lynx by a mine on Monday

OF LOSS OF METEOR AMSTERDAM, August 11 (via London, August 12) .- The German version encounter between the Meteor and the Ramsey is given in the following official statement issued by the

"The auxiliary vessel Meteor, after boldly aminous document this afternoon, and British watching forces, waged a com-

"Saturday night she encountered the fight. British auxiliary cruiser Ramsey, which the Meteor attacked and destroyed, savfour officers.

cruisers surrounded the Meteor. As nected with an attempt to turn part battle was hopeless and escape impossi- of Texas back to Mexican control-a ble, Commander Behnke sank the Me- wild scheme backed by ignorant Mexiteor after the crew, British prisoners cans, escaped convicts, fugitives from and the crew of a sailing vessel which justice on the American side and some it had sunk as a prize, had been se- Mexican soldiers. cured. The Meteor's entire crew safely DISTURBANCE IS FANNED

PLAN IS COMPLETED

tussian Embargo Modified and Imports Will Be Received.

WASHINGTON, August 11.-Arrange ments for handling shipments of Russian goods to the United States under some of the gang which killed an a member of the electoral board of the recent agreement modifying the American trooper near Mercedes last Stafford County, Judge Chichester says: Russian embargo were completed to-night, captured a flag to-night bearing "If he is any kin of mine, it is very day by the Commerce Department. Un- in Spanish the words: "Army of Liberathe plan already approved by the tion for Mexicans in Texas." He is more nearly, but Russian embassy here and forwarded took also some literature urging Mexito Petrograd for ratification, all im- cans to revolt. He denies that he appointed his cousin. Frank P. Moncure, deputy clerk of Stafford County. He says Moncure was appointed by George W. Herring. clerk of the court, without any solicitation to Petrograd for ratincation, all imports from Russia consigned to the Secretary of Commerce will be received at the office of the commercial agent of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce in New York, who will under the plan of San Commerce in New York who will under the plan of San Commerce in New York who will under the plan of San Commerce in New York who will under the plan of San Commerce in New York who will un dertake distribution to importers un, of

predecessor, the late Judge John E. products will be required to submit to ton that more than 3,000 Mexicans are the commercial agent a statement of the pledged to this organization. As to Lewis A. Moncure, another goods to be secured and to deposit a Federal officials last winter believed cousin, the judge says; "He was ap- bond to be held pending consumption they nipped an attempt to put this pointed deputy sheriff by his father, of the imports or until the end of the revolution into effect when they ar-European war

lating to the case of Bryce against importations amounting to millions of tails of the plan, which were published dollars annually, importers being par- at the time. ticularly anxious to secure the release SEVERAL HUNDRED MEXICANS of vetch seed, used as fertilizer; hides and skins and mineral oils

REGULATIONS ISSUED

Into Effect.

regulations for enforcement of the new Brownsville, appealed for aid this afseamen's law were issued to-day by ternoon, asserting that eighty armed that he seems to have at all times contempt for courts and judges, and only restrained, through fear of General has passed on the effect of cerpunishment, from being constantly in tain clauses in the law referred to him contempt."

General has passen on the ellect of certrain clauses in the law referred to him officials of the Mexican side of the

concerned in enforcement of the law trol, are responsible for some of the cover that section prohibiting "allot- troubles on the American side, either At the afternoon session of the committee Mr. Fitzhugh submitted a mo- seaman's wages to persons other than connivance. However, there is no evidependent relatives of the seaman. All dence that any high Mexican authority investigation the original list of wit- allotments must be shown on the is involved.

Powell stated that he wished March 4, 1916, as to foreign vessels, crossed.

Notice of termination of treaties in of them will be automatically abro-

PANAMA CANAL

Twenty Ships, Delayed by Slide, Con-

tinue Voyage. . PANAMA, August 11.-The Panama Canal was reopened to-day. Twenty ships had been delayed by the slide which blocked Gaillard Cut on Saturday. The present earth movements are closing the channel both on the east west banks, the slides being technically known as the old and new Culebra slides. The engineers anticipated that these movements will continue for some time, giving recurrent trouble and probably closing the channel for days at a stretch.

\$3.00-WEEK-END RATE-\$3.00 Norfolk and Western Railway. To Norfolk and Return.

TEXANS ARE ARMED, APPEAL FOR PEACE READY FOR BATTLE

Mexican Bands Are Crossing Border, and Uprising Is Feared.

voked by Identic Action of Pan-American Republics.

sunk in the North Sea by the German WILD SCHEME IS ON FOOT EARLY REPLY IS ASKED FOR

Disorder May Be Connected Future Not Discussed, and Re-With Attempt to Seize Portion of State.

Three Battleships Are Ordered South

conferences between navy officials and President Wilson, Danlels announced to-night that three battleships of the Atlantic Fleet had been ordered "to southern waters for any duty that may be required."

The ships are the Louisiana and New Hampshire, which sailed from Newport, R. I., last night, and the connecticut, now in Haitlan waters. Whether they will be directed by wireless to proceed to Vera Cruz o will be kept in rendiness somewhere in the South A:lantic on the Gulf of Mexico will depend on developments Anxiety in official circles over the

situation at Vera Cruz was con siderably relieved to-day by reports that excitement there had subsided, and that the Carranza Governor had issued a public statement deprecating antiforeign demonstrations.

BROWNSVILLE, TEX., August 11 .three southernmost counties of Texas, Cameron, Hidalgo and Starr, is resting under arms to-night, in fear that the overwhelming Mexican population of this section may break out in a racial

of trouble developed at Laredo, 200 miles along the border from here. The "The following day four British disorder is reported here to be con-

some of the bitter disputes of border the undercurrent of Mexican feeling gether for the conference. was growing.

Rangers in Hidalgo County, pursuing

"I did appoint G. V. Moneure as land der guarantees that the goods will not Grande and also along the border of imunities along the Rio New Mexico, Arizona and California. appointed to the same position by my Shippers desiring to import Russian It has been reported to General Funs-

rested a Mexican on charges of sedi-The Russian embargo has held up tion, discovering in his possession de-

WAITING TO CROSS BORDER

Authorities here to-night are watching the river at a point ten miles below Brownsville, where it was reported several hundred armed Mexicans had "I considered him incompetent to fill New Seamen's Law is About to Go to cross the Rio Grande under darkgathered on the Mexican side, waiting ness. A Mexican rancher in Hidalgo WASHINGTON, August 11 .- Partial County, fifty miles up the river from

Regulations sent to-day to officials river, which is under Carranza con-

ship's articles, and the customs collec- Officials here have reports that 1,700 tors are instructed to refuse clearance former Carranza soldiers have crossed "There is something remarkable, it itons.

The regulations become effective Nostitute this new list," said Mr. Fitzwember 4 as to American ships and thirty different parties are said to have crossed.

Arrival of troops in force from Laredo appears to have caused the bandits to shift rapidly westward today into the less populous sections between here and Laredo. Telephone messages to-night from the portions of Cameron County north of here, where disorders have been going on for two weeks, indicated that the outlaws either had left or were hiding. PRESS BANDITS SO HARD

THEY CROSS RIO GRANDE About Mercedes, a few miles northvest of here, rangers and cavalrymen pressed the bandits so hard to-day that some of them fled across the river. Cavalrymen captured thirty-five horses from one band near Mercedes after a

long chase, in which, so far as could

be learned, no one was wounded. Reports that politicians on the American side were responsible for the uprisings aroused much resentment here. At San Benito a mass-meeting of protest was held. This meeting declared

(Continued on Second Page.) C. & O. MOUNTAIN EXCURSION
August 19 to Charlottesville, Staunton, White
Sulphur, Hot Springs and all mountain resorts. Round trip fares \$2.50 to \$4.00.
Tickets good five days.

IS SENT TO MEXICO

Humanity and Patriotism In-

sults of Failure Are Problematical.

NEW YORK, August 11 .- Secretary Lansing, on behalf of the United States government and the diplomatic repre sentatives of Brazil, Chile, Argentina, Bolivia, Uruguay and Guetamala, today signed an appeal addressed to the leaders of all factions in Mexico asking them, in the name of humanity and na tional patriotism, to cease their civil strife and assemble a peace conference The action, taken after a two-hours' session, was not of a joint character, but identic. An informal, but unani mous note will be sent expressing the views of the seven governments that the condition of chaos in Mexico has injured the prestige of the nation abroad and supplicating the Mexican leaders and generals to make a supreme effort to bring together all elements in the creation of a provisional government that can be given world-

wide recognition.

BEYOND THIS ONE STEP CONFERENCE DOES NOT GO Beyond this step to-day's session did not go, reserving until a later date consideration of the situation that may be created by refusal of any of the factions to participate in a peace conference. There was no discussion, in facof eventualities, notwithstanding that Practically every American citizen in press dispatches reported Carranza's outspoken objections to the Pan-American methods of settling Mexico's struggle. The assembled diplomats took the is fully disclosed to General Carranza attempting to interfere in Mexico's in-

When the conference adjourned towhich is brief and courteously phrased, injurious effect throughout the world ico has caused. The petition suggests BY BITTER DISPUTES that a peace conference be The disturbance has been fanned by neutral territory in Mexico far from strength at the annual inspection and the roar of cannon. The governments patrol conditions, which in some in- signing it express their willingness to stances kept the American residents of act, if invited, in any practicable way this section from realizing how strong to assist in bringing the factions to-

WIDEST PUBLICITY TO

BE GIVEN IN MEXICO and consular agents of the various govdefinitely asked for, hope being expressed that these will be received within ten days after the communication reaches the leaders, unless some just cause for delay presents itself.

Secretary Lansing, who left for Washingion to-night, will show President Wilson to-morrow the text of the ap- tucky, Louisiana, Missouri and Tennespeal as finally agreed upon, and a state- see each, \$5,900; South Carolina, \$9,000; ment will be prepared by Mr. Lansing Mississippi and Oklahoma, \$2,000 each, explanatory of the purposes of the ap- and Florida \$1,000. peal, which in many quarters had come to be interpreted as a forerunner of military intervention.

Not only had the Latin-American diplomats here to-day made it clear that they would object to such a course or any that would impair Mexico's sovereignty, but President Wilson and Secretary Lansing are equally anxious that the present peace plan be accompanied by no physical act. Mr. Lansing took occasion to explain to the diplomats that the warships ordered to Vera Cruz yesterday were sent for protection of Americans and foreigners. Many of the diplomats said that, while this assurance was not necessary, for they thoroughly understood the purtheless, was opportune in removing a possible misunderstanding abroad of the real motives of the American government.

IF PEACE PLANS FAIL. ACTION MAY BE DRASTIC

Ultimately-if all peace plans failofficials of the United States realize that the interests of foreigners may require more drastic steps, but at present it can be stated authoritatively that the plans under consideration contemplate restoration of peace in Mexico by friendly means by using the power of recognition to assist a government

No steps of definite character in the future have been finally determined on. Tentatively, however, it has been agreed to await the result of the peace conference, and if all the factions do not participate, the government set up by those elements which do attend will be given recognition, provided it gives promise of stability. Immediately an embargo on arms would be enforced against all other factions, and an amnesty declared permitting contending groups to lay down their arms heard nothing. without fear of punitive measures

All the ambassadors and ministers, together with Secretary Lansing, are firmly determined that the triumph of the revolution in Mexico shall be recognized. There is no intertion to afford recognition to any element except those fought the present revolution with its reform program. To the revolutionary the United States and its Latin-American associates look for the establishment of a provisional government that will conduct a general election.

At the conclusion of to-day's con-(Continued on Second Page.)

Delightful Overnight Sall to Buitimore. Via York River and Chesapeake Bay. Only \$2.50 one way, \$4 and \$4.50 round trip. At-tractive week-end trip. Inquire 907 E. Main, or phone Mad. 272, relative Atlantic City and

Struggle for Prize of Constantinople Has Foremost Place in Europe's War News

F OR the present attention has | been somewhat diverted from the great Teutonic drive in Northwest Russia and Poland to the Dardanelles, where the allies and the Turks are at grips in vicious fighting on Gallipoli. Claims are at variance, but London and Constansanguinary fighting is taking place and that each side has suffered heavy ensualties.

General Sir Ian Hamilton, the British communder, reports that on the southern portion of the penin-sula the ailies have trebled the area of ground they previously held, and that on the Asiatic shore a French warship has put five or six Turkish guns out of action.

Constantinople, on the other hand. declares that in the region of Ari Burnu an allied attack has been repulsed with heavy losses, while in

Bahr Turkish attacks have netted

The Germans, according to Berlin have occupied Benjaminov, east of vices say the populace is beginning railway junction of the Petrograd-Warsaw line. South of Lomza the entire Russian line is said ... be retreating, and across the Vistula, between that river and the Bug, the Muscovites, according to Vienna, are still being pushed back.

Disaster has befallen three warships—the British auxillary cruiser Ramsey, the German auxiliary cruises Meteor and the Austrian submarine U-12. The Ramsey was sunk in the North Sen by the Meteor, which chased by British cruisers, later was abandoned and blown up by her crew. The U-12 was sunk by an Italian submarine in the upper Adri-

VIRGINIA WILL GET LESS IMPORTERS URGE WILSON FOR ORGANIZED MILITIA TO STRENUOUS ACTION

priation Is Cut Down Under New Plan.

New York and Other States Showing Greater Strength Have Their Allotments Increased-Four Million Dollars Sum Given by Government

WASHINGTON, August 11 .- Four million dollars, this year's Federal appropriation to aid the organized to-night that when their apeal militia, was apportioned to-day by York importers to-day adopted a peti-Secretary Garrison. Half of the poses or accuse them, as he has, of rifle practive, and is divided among the States according to congressional rep-

Of the \$2,000,000 for supplies and amnight there was a feeling of confidence that a decisive step toward restoring cial emergency allotment, and the re-Mexico to her place in the family of mainder goes to the States on the basis nations had been taken. The appeal, of efficiency plans adopted by the War Department.

Instead of making the distribution of supplies and ammunition according which the constant turbulence in Mex- to paper strength of the various State organizations, as last year, Mr. Garri-Every man in a field hospital and the ambulance companies was counted twice, and every man in the other branches of the auxiliary service three times, so that these arms should receive adequate funds.

The communication will be given New York receives for supplies and publicity throughout Mexico, ammunition \$47,000 more than last and will be delivered by the diplomatic year. Illinois and Massachusetts each will receive \$9,000 more; Michigan and \$6,000; Georgia, \$5,000, and North Caro-

Texas will be the greatest loser, drawing \$14,000 less than last year. Alabama will receive \$8,000 less; Arkansas, Maine, Virginia and West Vir-

INVESTIGATION ORDERED

Complaint Is Made of Rutes on Building Material in Virginia.

terstate Commerce Commission an- England for Matamoros, Mexico, with nounced to-day it had ordered a general contraband, conditional contraband and investigation of the relation between noncontraband goods, all intended for freight rates on lumber and on lumber shipment to Texas during the war, This action was taken, it only the actual contraband could be was said, because of complaint that seized, as a blockade could not extend carload rates on wooden building ma- to a neutral port. terial in Virginia, the Carolinas and Georgia are unreasonable and discrimi- prised to find that the people of the

The commission dismissed the complaint to-day on the ground that arguments so far produced do not warrant fixed differentials, but held that the rates should bear uniform relationship. and, therefore, ordered the investiga-

SIR THOMAS IS IGNORED

Chicago Mayor Fails to Answer Cablegram Offering \$1,000.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] LONDON, August 11 .-- Sir Thomas Lipton has asked the American em-Mayor of the city of Chicago has not acknowledged the long cablegram he sent immediately following the receipt of news of the Eastland disaster.

According to an embassy attache, Sir Thomas Lipton offered \$1,000 for the relief of the survivors and relatives of the victims, assuming that a relief fund would be organized. He requested Chicago's Mayor to cable a reply whether his assumption was correct, in which case the amount would be cabled. Since then Sir Thomas has

COTTON NO LONGER NEEDED

Germany Now Is Able to Dispense With American Staple.

LONDON, August 11 .- Announcement that Germany is now able to dispense with cotton in the manufacture of military supplies is made by the Frankelement professing liberal principles, furter Zeitung, as quoted by Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam. This newspaper asserts that the designation of cotton as contraband of war would not solve Anglo-American difficulties, and adds:

> "In the present condition of our technical science, no cotton whatever is any longer used for war purposes. N. & W. MOUNTAIN EXCURSION

Next Tuesday, August 17. Phone Madison 187 for full particulars.

One of Several States Whose Appro- They Ask That He Relieve Them of Shipping Hardships Imposed by England.

LOSER BY \$6,000 FOR YEAR HOKE SMITH IS SPOKESMAN

Blockade, as Now Being Carried Out, Is Declared to Be Most Flagrant and Inexcusable Violation of Neutral Rights.

NEW YORK, August 11 .- After listening to a speech by Senator Hoke Smith, of Georgia, more than 300 New he will not misunderstand their pur- amount is for actual field service and prompt and strenuous action to relieve tion urging President Wilson to take American importers of the embarrass ment of Great Britain's refusal to allow German and Austrian products to be shipped from neutral ports to the that the blockade, as carried out by Great Britain, was one of the most flagrant and inexcusable violations of neutral rights in naval history. "I have determined the only thing

to do," said Senator Smith, "Is to tell Great Britain to revoke the blockade order, or she can have no neutral trade with us. The excuse that Great Britain selzed cargoes of goods produced in Germany or Austria, or of goods intended for Germany or Austria, but consigned to a neutral port, as a retaliatory measure against Germany does not make the seizure lawful. "There is no justification for the

were justified in their action because the United States had violated Great Britain's rights during the Civil War. The United States never committed an line, that justified the British action. ASSERTED INDIA'S RIGHT TO

SITTP COTTON TO JAPAN Senator Smith declared that during the Russo-Japanese War Great Britain asserted the rights of India to ship otton to Japan. He also pointe out that the British first placed cotton on the list of articles not to be classed as contraband. As a contention that rulings by the United States Supreme action, Senator Smith discussed the cases, which arose during the Civil War. In the latter case he noted the ruling of the court, which held that, WASHINGTON, August 11 .- The In- although the Peterhof sailed from

> Senator Smith said he had been sur-United States "made so little of Great Britain's attack on our commerce," and added that the neutral countries had Great Britain at their mercy. He said: "We can demand this: 'Recognize our rights, or what will you eat?" administration's point of view is all right, but it has acted slowly."

> Great Britain herself, Senator Smith asserted, was shipping cotton into Germany, by way of Holland. Attention also was called to a statement which Senator Smith said was made recently in Parliament, that Great Britain was exporting to Holland nineteen times the usual amount of goods.

> A committee representing various importers' associations was appointed to draw up a petition, to be voted on later, asking President Wilson to call a special session of Congress to discuss ways and means of relieving the

ILLINOIS ASSOCIATION

ANXIOUS FOR RELIEF CHICAGO, ILL., August 11 .- The Illinois Manufacturers' Association today addressed a letter to Secretary Lansing, asking that conditions growing out of interference with American in noncontraband articles be remedied.

The association commends the policy of President Wilson regarding interference with trade by belligerent nations. It was declared the communication was the start of a movement that will be joined in by commercial organizations all over the country. The letter follows:

The interference by certain of the belligerent nations in the overseas noncontraband commerce of the United States in violation of the rules of international law, is seriously disturbing and injuring American business, and working hardship against both our manufacturers and their wage earners. "The detention of vessels sailing to

(Continued on Second Page.)

Fresh Troops Are Landed, and Fighting Is Almost Continuous.

IN DARDANELLES

CONSIDERABLE SUCCESS WON BY THEIR OFFENSIVE

Territory Held Is Vastly Increased, and Turkish Guns Are Silenced.

RUSSIANS FIGHT DESPERATELY

Forces of Grand Duke Are Hard Pressed by Germans on Kovno Front.

LONDON, August 11 .- While the Russians are fighting desperately to extricate themselves from the cordon pressing them more closely in Poland. with considerable success to open the Dardanelles, through which they hope to pour into Russia much needed war

munitions. Since Saturday night, when fresh British forces were landed on Gallipoli Peninsula, there has been almost continuous fighting on the Krithia road In these operations the Australians and New Zealanders in the "Anzac" a name taken from the initial letters of the words "Australian, New Zealand Army Corps," have co-operated with new forces further north. Following the successes of the troops on the Krithia road and those north of the 'Anzac" zone, the Australians and New Zealanders took the offensive yesterday, and almost trebled the area formerly held by them. Their comrades on the north, who assisted them, made no further progress, however.

ATTACKS LAND BATTERIES Simultaneously, the French battle-

ship St. Louis attacked the Turkish batteries on the Asiatic side of the strait, which had been bombarding the allied positions on the peninsula, and put five guns out of commission. These actions are believed here to be preliminary to a much more ambitious attempt planned by the Anglo-French commanders to sweep the Turks before discouraging effect on the Turks, ac-

cording to reports from Greece. On the eastern front. Kovno is the danger point in the Russian line. The armies of Grand Duke Nicholas apparently have arrested the German ofare being hard pressed on the Kovno front, which the Germans are attacking with guns of all caliber, including the famous sixteen-inch cannon, which

no fortress hitherto has withstood On the western front, little has happened beyond the usual artillery engagements.

GERMAN SUBMARINES

RENEW THEIR ACTIVITY their activity, and in the last three days have sunk eighteen vessels, ten of which were British trawlers and four of which belonged to neutral coun-Court did not justify Great Britain's tries. The British patrol boat Ramsey also has been sunk by the German Bermuda and Peterhof, or Matamoros auxiliary cruiser Meteor in the North Sea. The commander of the Meteor, realizing that escape at night from pursuing British vessels was impossible, abandoned his ship and blew

> There have been frequent reports today of firing heard off Helgoland, but no explanation has been forthcoming. Negotiations with the Balkan states in an effort to bring them into the war are being continued, but without

any further results. REPORTS GOOD RESULTS

OF GERMAN AIRSHIP RAID BERLIN, August 11 (by wireless to Sayville).-The German airships which raided the east coast of England on Monday night and early Tuesday morning, bombarded with good warships on the Thames, the London docks, torpedo-boats near Harwich and buildings of the Humber, according to announcement by the German ad-

"On the night of August 9-10 German airships attacked fortified places and harbors on the English east coast,' says the announcement.

"In spite of a strong defense, British warships on the Thames and the London dock, torpedo-boats at a point near Harwich and important constructions on the Humber were bombarded. It was observed that the results were

"The airships returned from the successful expedition."

AUSTRIAN SUBMARINE

IS SUNK BY ITALIANS ROME, August 11 (via Paris .- It is officially announced that the Austrian submarine U-12 has been torpedoed and sunk with all hands in the upper Adriatic Sea by an Italian submarine. The announcement adds:

"This morning two Austrian torpedo-

boat destroyers bombarded Bari, Santo Spirito and Molfetta (Southern Italy, on the Adriatic). One civilian was killed no appreciable material damage." The U-12 was of the latest type of Austrian submarines. She was built in

1915, displaced 1,000 tons, was 105 feet long and carried five torpedo tubes.

GENERAL IAN HAMILTON REPORTS GREAT PROGRESS

LONDON, August 11 .- General Str Ian Hamilton reported from the Dardanelles to-day that the area held by the allies in the "Anzac" zone on Gal-GAY OCEAN VIEW.

Something doing every minute. \$1.50 round trip. Every Sunday via C. & O. Three trains, \$130 A. M., 9 A. M. and 12 M.

Asiatic batteries are reported to have